

GITEC-IGIP Consulting Group

Consulting & Engineering Services Worldwide

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Biodiversity monitoring for development of sustainable production chains in Latin America

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GIC | Content



- 1. Overview
 - Monitoring initiatives in Latin America
 - What are we monitoring?
 - Why are we monitoring?
- 2. Approach
- 3. Methodology
- 4. Results: Examples from Mexico, Ecuador and Peru









Overview | Our monitoring initiatives in Latin America





Overview | Project overview

MEXICO: Integrated Landscape Management for Biodiversity Conservation in Sierra Madre Oriental II



General project information

- Financing: BMZ
- Client: GIZ
- Consulting budget: 1.431.000 EUR
- Investment: 7.000.000
 EUR
- Project duration: 2016 2021

PERU: ProAmbiente -Contributing to Environmental Goals of Peru I+II



General project information

- Financing: BMZ
- Client: GIZ
- **Consulting budget:** 7.688.519 EUR
- Investment: 34.000.000
 EUR
- Project duration: 2018-2022

PERU: ProAmbiente -Implementation-Oriented Environmental and Forestry Management



General project information

- Financing: BMZ
- Client: GIZ
- Consulting budget: 1.329.800 EUR
- Investment: 8.000.000 EUR
- Project duration: 2022-2024

ECUADOR: Bioeconomy -Conservation and sustainable use of natural heritage



General project information

- Financing: BMZ
- Client: GIZ
- Consulting budget: 2.500.000 EUR
- Investment: 10.000.000
 EUR
- Project duration: 2019-2021
- Partner(s): WWF



Overview | What are we monitoring?



Habitat monitoring

- Tree layer structure
- Structure of the shrub layer
- Structure of the herbaceous stratum
- Soil occupation and fallen woody material
- Associated fauna community: Mammals and birds



Monitoring of conservation objects

- Phenology
- Regeneration
- Presence of pests/damage



Management monitoring

- Harvesting methods
- Management practices
- Associated potential uses
- Organizational processes



Overview | Why are we monitoring?

Promoting biodiversity conservation

- Promote research
- Provide technical tools for monitoring to key stakeholders
- Encourage bioentrepreneurship and business-academia partnerships

Promoting sustainable use of natural resources

- Improving user capacities
- Empowerment of producers/ scientific inputs to adapt management practices
- Diversification of income (tourism)
- Improving the quality of life of communities

Strenghtening governance of value chains

- Transparency of the data management process
- Provision of inputs for decision making and policymaking
- Strengthen public policy









Approach | Ecosystem and multi-level/multi stakeholder approach



Methodology | Adaptation of the transect to different ecosystems



Peru: TIM - Biodiversity monitoring in productive value chains (coffee, cocoa and honey) in the RBIOAY Biosphere







Methodology | Example of Monitoring Transect

- Transect of 20 m x 560 m
- Breaking point 140 m from the center
- Birds, 30 m = radius
- 🕨 Mammals
- ¹ Dead wood and herpetofauna



Methodology | Monitoring design in Mexico, Ecuador and Peru

Design of the database structure and participatory transect mapping



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Methodology | Mexico: Model for monitoring implementation

Establishment of an MIP (Integrated Landscape Management) based monitoring system using Method MTP



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Results 1 | Mexico: Results of biodiversity monitoring MTP

Articulated biodiversity monitoring baseline





Results 2 | Peru: Biodiversity monitoring in forest concessions

Mastofauna: 3 cameras were installed in concessions with different duration of management



N°	Familia	Especie	Nombro Común	PARCELAS								
			Nombre Comun	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Dasyproctidae	Dasyprocta sp.	Añuje			х						
2	Canidae	Atelocynus microtis	Perro de orejas cortas			х						
3	Felidae	Panthera onca	Jaguar			х						
4	Callitrichidae	Saguinus mystax mystax	Pichico Barba blanca								х	
5	Atelidae	Lagothrix lagothricha poeppigii	Mono Choro de Poeppig									х

Vulnerable Species:

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- The silvery woolly monkey (Mono choro de Poeppig Lagothrix lagothricha poeppigii), is categorized as Vulnerable (VU) nationally and internationally;
- The Jaguar (Panthera onca) categorized as Near Threatened (NT) and listed at CITES level I;
- The Perro de orejas cortas (*Atelocynus microtis*) categorized as Near Threatened (NT) by the IUCN and Vulnerable (VU) by the Peruvian government.







Results 3 | Peru: Monitoring of the Andean Bear (*Tremarctos ornatus*)

Database structure: TIM Bear

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4x4 km grid for bear sampling







Data collection from 11 transects and with 6 camera traps

- 6 transects in the Palo Santo VC (1 PPM in Agua Blanca, 3 PPM in Santa Elena and 2 PPM in Joaz)
- 5 transects in Amazonia (located in farms of Kichwa producers of Guayusa, with trials of adaptability of Vanilla odorata and pompona with a focus on the chakra system, located in the community of San Juan de Piatúa, Pastaza Province).
- **9 mammal** and **31 bird species** on the farms of Kichwa producers (data from the coast in the process of being collected).
- 130 plant species: 42 in Palo Santo and 88 in the farms of Kichwa

20 Partnerships



- 5 Universities: Technical University of Manabi, Universidad del Sur de Manabí, Universidad Península de Santa Elena, Universidad Estatal Amazónica UEA, Puyo - Pastaza and Universidad Regional IKIAM, Tena -Napo.
- 8 Public entities: Machalilla National Park; Decentralized Autonomous Government (GAD) Jipijapa, GAD Puerto López, GAD Santa Elena; Agua Blanca Community, San Marcos Community; Pastaza Prefecture; Santa Clara Municipality.
- 3 Companies: Ecuadorian Hands, El Artisan, L'Herborea
- **2 Associations:** Agroforestal Palo Santo; Asociación Wiñak
- 2 NGOs: Heifer; Fundación Pachamama

60 persons trained

- 24 in the Palo Santo VC: 6 in Joas, 7 in Santa Elena, 11 in Agua Blanca (Machalilla)
- 36 in Amazonia: 7 kichwas monitors, 2 value chain advisors, 2 field technicians (Wiñak), 3 workshops with 25 persons.







Results 4 cont'd | Ecuador: Vanilla, Guayusa and Palo Santo management practices

Monitoring Transects show the impact of good production practices in Vanilla, Guayusa and Palo Santo





Atributos comunitarios Mastofauna	PPM 1-5
Taxa_S	9
Individuals	34
Dominance_D	0.1522
Shannon_H	2.003

The presence of large mammals is associated with good ecological integrity (*Mora, 2017*). In the case of the Chakra - Guayusa system all plots report this faunal group.

Results 5 | Peru: Participatory Forest Management - MONITS



ACERCA DE MONITS

- **MONITS** is a GIS-interactive information system for Sustainable Forest Management (SFM) developed by IFER, GITEC and CFU.
- GIS integrated database related to census, logging, skidding, clearing and transport to industry.
- Records all forest harvesting activities and generates Government Operations Book (LO).
- Prepare log and GTF list (forest transport guide).
- It will allow the generation of height and volume equations to be integrated into the following Operational Plans (OP).





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Results 5 cont'd | Peru: Participatory Forest Management - MONITS

Log clearing

Analysis and control during entry of traceability information (Forest harvesting)

Logging register





Drag register



Patio Register

Transport register









 Image: constraint of the sector of



Transport guide



Results 5 cont'd | Peru: Participatory Forest Management - MONITS

Data reporting in Google Earth for forestry entrepreneurs













THANK YOU

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Country | Project Example

Project title	ххх			
Client	ХХ			
Counterpart	хх			
Partner	ХХ			
Duration	хх			
Contract Value	хх			

Main project features and services

- ✓ Good financial Governance of Woreda administrations implementing SLM budgets
- ✓ Building and maintaining SLM infrastructures
- ✓ Livelihood support, biodiversity and climate change linkages
- ✓ Large scale Baseline Studies in 3 Regions



